# CONFIRMATION PLANNING GUIDELINES

Please read the Archdiocesan Liturgical Handbook Chapter 9 – Confirmation.

#### I. THE LITURGY

<u>Confirmation Liturgy Planning Form</u>: After carefully reading these instructions, each host pastor/administrator should complete and return the Liturgy Planning Form provided by the Office of the Archbishop.

<u>The Eucharistic Celebration</u>: The usual guidelines for concelebrated Mass are to be followed. On Solemnities, the Mass of the Day with its proper readings is used. Please note that the weekdays of Easter Week are Solemnities, and the Mass of the Day must be used. The same is true of the Sundays of Advent, Lent and the Easter season. On the other days, including the Sundays of Ordinary Time, the Ritual Mass for Confirmation should be used along with readings from the Ritual Mass.

Sacred Scripture for the year's Confirmation cycle is chosen by the Archbishop. This allows him to have a consistent theme for the cycle which can be aligned to the pastoral priorities of the Archdiocese; giving a uniformed message to our young people. These readings together with music suggestions are available from the Office of Divine Worship. It is illicit to substitute other, non-biblical texts for the readings and responsorial Psalm, which contain the word of God. [cf. GIRM 57]

If there is a deacon, he reads the gospel. If a deacon is not present, the pastor will ordinarily read the gospel. At the conclusion of the gospel, the pastor presents the candidates by name (or he may introduce another ecclesial minister to present the candidates). Each candidate should stand and remain standing until all the candidates have been introduced. The bishop gives the homily after the presentation of the candidates.

<u>The Renewal of Baptismal Promises</u> [cf. Rite of Confirmation, #23] follows the homily. The Archbishop remains seated and questions the standing candidates. If the chair is out of view of the candidates, the Archbishop may stand or may have arranged another temporary chair.

# **Administration of the Sacrament**

<u>The Laying on of Hands:</u> The Archbishop standing facing the people with hands joined says the prayer with the concelebrating priests at his side. The Archbishop then extends his hands over the candidates. The concelebrating priests do not extend their hands.

The anointing takes place with the bishop standing. The candidates approach in a line, one at a time with their sponsor behind them, and remain standing. The sponsor should place his or her <u>right hand</u> on the shoulder of the candidate. Please remind the candidates to stand close to the confirming bishop, so he does not have to reach for the candidate.

The candidate will ordinarily have the name of a patron saint. The confirmation name should be printed on a card and held for the bishop to see by the sponsor or attendant to the bishop. Additionally, the name is to be spoken directly to the bishop by the candidate or sponsor. The card is helpful because some speak the name very softly.

Candidates are asked not to wear make-up on the forehead since it often mixes with and pollutes the Sacred Chrism.

During the anointing the pastor stand on the left of the Archbishop and holds the vessel containing the Sacred Chrism.

The bishop imposes his hand and anoints the candidate's forehead with Chrism in one gesture. The candidate should respond "Amen" at the end of the anointing (after the bishop says, "Be sealed with the gift of the Holy Spirit."). The bishop will touch the newly confirmed on the left shoulder and say: "Peace be with you." The response to this greeting of peace is, "And with your Spirit." [cf. Rite of Confirmation, #26, 27] Please practice these responses with the candidates. There is no other gesture at this point. The practice of offering a handshake to the Archbishop is to be avoided.

During the anointing, if music is provided, it should be of a meditative character and of low volume so that the dialog between the bishop and the candidate can be heard.

The candidates should remain seated in their pews until it is time for their row to approach the bishop. This allows the congregation to witness the administration of the Sacrament.

At the conclusion of the Administration of the Sacrament the bishop will wash his hands at the chair. Please provide lemon, water and a towel for this. There is no need to provide bread for this washing of the bishop's hands. The General Intercessions will follow in this manner:

- The bishop introduces and concludes them. Whoever leads the petitions should wait for the bishop's introduction.
- The deacon, if present, reads the petitions. If a deacon is not present, a reader, or more than one person reads the petitions. *Confirmandi* may be designated for this purpose. They should be instructed to remain in place until the bishop's concluding prayer is finished.

<u>Continuation of Mass</u>: Concelebrated Mass continues in the usual manner. These points, however, may be noted:

- The vessels used for chalices, patens and ciboria are to be of precious metal. No glass or ceramic vessels are to be used.
- ➤ The concelebrants should not come around the altar until the conclusion of the Prayer over the Gifts.
- ➤ Concelebrants should observe the designation of parts in the Eucharistic Prayer. The prayers said in unison should be said "submissa voce," (inaudibly in a low voice.)
- > The bishop announces the "Mystery of Faith."
- ➤ The pastor should assist in the distribution of Communion to the candidates and the congregation. The norms from the Archdiocesan Liturgical Handbook should be followed with regard to Holy Communion under both species. (ALH 4.4.1 4.4.7)
- No other gifts should accompany the offerings of bread and wine, unless a regular Sunday collection has been taken.
- ➤ Other priests should assist in the distribution of Communion as needed. Extraordinary Ministers of Holy Communion may be used <u>only</u> if there is an insufficient number of priests and deacons available for this purpose.
- Since the reception of Communion by the priest is integral to the Rite of Mass and has important significance for the theology of sacrifice, Catholic practice is to wait until after the principal celebrant has received from the chalice before distributing Communion to deacons, Extraordinary Ministers, or the *Confirmandi*.
- ➤ There is always a Solemn Blessing at the conclusion of the Confirmation Mass, and the candidates should be instructed to respond "Amen" at the conclusion of each

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- of the three petitions.
- The bishop should be informed if there is to be a group photo after the Mass. This should take place only after the ministers have left the altar in the procession at the end of Mass. No individual photos with the bishop will be taken in the church but should be reserved for the reception after Mass. One reason for this is so that the bishop can more freely visit with the newly confirmed and their families. Too often, by the time the bishop reaches the reception, most of the people have departed.

# II. LITURGICAL MINISTERS

<u>Concelebrants</u>: Should be vested in alb, stole, and chasuble (if available) of proper color. All priests present should concelebrate Mass with the bishop. The color red is used for the Ritual Mass of Confirmation.

<u>Deacons</u>: Whenever possible, it is highly desirable that one or two deacons assist at the Mass. If present, a deacon proclaims the Gospel and reads the General Intercessions, in addition to the other prescribed duties for a deacon at Mass. The MC will normally provide Dalmatics for the deacons.

<u>Servers</u>: It is helpful to have <u>five</u> servers: a cross bearer, two acolytes, who also act as Mass servers, a mitre bearer and a crozier bearer. If incense is to be used, a thurifer is helpful in addition.

<u>Lectors</u>: Fully initiated members of the Church should do the readings. Established and experienced parish lectors are most appropriate, since they are most prepared to publicly proclaim the Scriptures.

<u>Extraordinary Ministers of Holy Communion</u>: May be used only if there is an insufficient number of concelebrating priests and deacons present. These ministers should not approach the altar before the priest has received Communion. [GIRM 162]

<u>The Bishop</u>: Will bring the confirmation ritual book, miter and crozier. If the oils have been prominently displayed in the church, these might be used. The bishop may prefer to use the oil stock he brings with him. He will choose the Proper Prayers of the Ritual Mass from the Roman Missal (A,B,or C).

Master of Ceremonies: Archbishop Sample will usually have a Master of Ceremonies

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with him. The MC will coordinate the liturgy and instruct the ministers of the altar. If he is a priest or a deacon he will help with the distribution of Holy Communion if there are insufficient ordinary minister of Holy Communion.

#### III. ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS

<u>Ecclesial Event</u>: The celebration of the Sacrament of Confirmation, as any episcopal visitation, is a celebration for the entire vicariate or cluster of neighboring parishes. It is a sign of unity with the Archdiocese and the Church universal.

<u>Liturgical Music</u>: True sacred music and congregational singing would be expected and customary. The appropriate parts of the Mass should be sung. The music should reflect the liturgical season during which the celebration takes place and be of sound theology and artistic quality as truly sacred music. To be especially avoided are "styles" of music not in keeping with the sacred character of the celebration. Put simply, not all "styles" of music and instrumentation are suitable for the sacred liturgy. Some music suggestions will be provided by the Office of Divine Worship.

**Environment and Art**: Appropriate decoration and floral design should reflect the liturgical season, the nature of the celebration and the principles of the U.S. Bishops' Committee on Divine Worship document "Built of Living Stones."

<u>Vesture of Candidates</u>: The use and decoration of "confirmation stoles" for the candidates <u>is not allowed</u>. The stole is a sign of ordination. Direction should be given candidates about suitable attire. Neatness, cleanliness and modesty cannot be presumed. Bare shoulders and short dresses <u>are not appropriate</u>. Excessive make-up on the forehead should be avoided as it pollutes the Sacred Chrism.

<u>Sanctuary Arrangement</u>: The presidential chair should be placed in a position that can best be seen by the congregation.

<u>Credence Table</u>: The following items should be available: a pitcher of water, basin, towels, and lemon or soap. A separate lavabo dish may be helpful for the Mass, unless the basin used after the Confirmation rite is able to be cleaned in the meantime.

<u>Confirmandi Letters</u>: A letter is often written from each candidate preparing to receive Confirmation. The letter is not a requirement to receive this sacrament but is often helpful for the student to express their desire to receive the sacrament. If a

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letter is written, it is sometimes helpful for the bishop to see the letters well before the celebration of the Sacrament.

#### IV. MATTERS OF HOSPITALITY

<u>Lodging</u>: If the celebration is scheduled for an evening, and the distance from the bishop's residence is great, the bishop may wish to stay overnight at the rectory. Please discuss this with his office.

<u>Photos during the Ceremony</u>: The congregation is asked not to take photographs during the liturgy. If the parish has arranged for a designated photographer to take photographs during the ceremony they are not allowed to take photographs from the beginning of the Eucharistic Prayer until the conclusion of Holy Communion. They should always respect the dignity of the celebration and maintain an unobtrusive presence.

Photos after the Ceremony: The bishop will normally stay after the ceremony to greet those confirmed, sponsors, family members and parishioners. Whether this is in a reception atmosphere, or informal, it is a good time for photographs with the bishop. Please designate specific instructions and an individual to coordinate photo opportunities with the bishop. Organize the timeline of this group photo ahead of time so that the *comfirmati* know where to be positioned for the group and individual photos. Do not arrange for individual photos with the newly confirmed in the church after the ceremony. Reserve these for the reception so that the bishop can also visit with the people. Also, unless every candidate participates, the confirming bishop will not participate in individual photos by a professional photographer as this prevents him from being present and available to all the newly confirmed and their families. The instruction indicating the availability of hospitality should be communicated in the printed program or in some other appropriate manner.

<u>Addendum</u>: Additions to the already lengthy ritual of Confirmation, such as candle lighting ceremonies, distribution of certificates and witness talks by the candidates are not allowed.

The Confirmation Rite itself is rich and meaningful. The renewal of baptismal promises, the prayer of blessing and the individual anointings together convey the unique significance of the gift of the Holy Spirit imparted to the newly confirmed.

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The special celebration of the Holy Eucharist during which Confirmation takes place also provides the participants with a marvelous opportunity for renewed faith and inspiration. Careful selection of music, readings and prayers are encouraged. If any addition is to be made to the ceremony permission from the bishop should be requested before the actual day of Confirmation. Please direct any questions to the Office of the Archbishop or the Office of Divine Worship.

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