

PARISH, SCHOOL AND CEMETERY BUDGET GUIDE

FISCAL YEAR 2026

ISSUED: February 2026

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Parish, School and Cemetery Budget Preparation Guide

SECTION 1

Budgeting Revenue and Expenses

Adaptive Budgeting

ADAPTIVE BUDGET PLANNING

Adaptive Planning is a cloud-based tool for parishes and schools for budget development and reporting. It is recommended that all parishes, schools, and cemeteries use Adaptive to build their annual budgets. To receive training for and access to Adaptive, please contact your Parish Services Consultant.

You may log into Adaptive using the following link: https://login.adaptiveinsights.com

There is an Adaptive User Manual and Adaptive Training Videos to assist users with the Adaptive Budgeting System available on the RCAB SharePoint Drive. Search "Adaptive" and you will find links to both.

Parish and Cemetery Budgets are due to the Archdiocese on May 31st each year with a copy of the final budget emailed to Paul Dodd at <u>paul_dodd@rcab.org</u>.

School Budgets are due to the Archdiocese on April 1st each year with a copy emailed to Martha Hultzman martha hultzman@rcab.org



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SECTION 2

Lay Compensation and Benefit Costs

Lay staff salaries should be based on planned performance review for budgetary purposes.

The parish will make the determination of whether an individual providing services to the parish should be classified as an employee or as an independent contractor. This determination is based on specific criteria guidelines. For information to assist in determining whether an individual is an employee or independent contractor, please consult the following website from the Massachusetts Attorney General's Office at: mass.gov/info-details/independent-contractors-0

Benefits Eligibility

catholicbenefits.org/at-a-glance

Employees are eligible to enroll in the RCAB Health, Dental, and Paid Catholic Family and Medical Leave ("CFML") Plans if they are scheduled to work at least 1,000 hours per year and 20 hours/week for employees working 12 months per year or 24 hours/week for employees working 10 months per year. Eligibility for Health and Dental coverage begins on the first calendar day of the month following the date of hire. If the date of hire or date first eligible for benefits. If the date of hire/new eligibility is the first of the month, eligibility for these Plans begins on that date. See the section below regarding CFML and 401(k) Plan eligibility and budget impact. See the section below regarding CFML and 401(k) Plan eligibility and budget impact.

Employees must make enrollment elections within 30 days of the date of hire or change to benefit-eligible status. If an enrollment decision is not made within 30 days of the date of hire/eligibility, Health, Dental, and CFML "Full" benefit Plan coverage will be waived. The employee may only make changes to enrollment in these Plans at the next Open Enrollment period, which occurs each year in May/June, prior to the start of the following Plan Year on July 1.

For the Health and Dental Plans, eligible employees may enroll, disenroll, or change their enrollment, or the enrollment status of eligible dependents, within 30 days of the occurrence of a Life Event even if there has been no change in benefit eligibility and even if Open Enrollment is not in process. Enrollments will be effective the first of the month following the life event date, except for in the event of a birth or adoption of a child, in which case coverage is effective on the date of birth or adoption. Coverage terminations are effective the last day of the month in which the Life Event occurs. Documentation of the Life Event is required prior to approval of an enrollment change.

Employees are automatically enrolled in the Life Insurance, Long-Term Disability ("LTD"), and Transition Assistance Program ("TAP") benefits on the first day of the calendar month following completion of one year of eligible service during which the employee worked at least 1,000 hours with one or more participating employers. Prior benefit-eligible service of at least one year with a participating RCAB location is credited to employee records.

Multiple Location Employees

catholicbenefits.org/mle-letter

Employees who work for multiple employers participating in the RCAB benefit plans should have access to benefits if they are working enough hours to qualify (i.e., at least 1,000 per year), regardless of whether these hours derive from work at a single location or multiple locations. Thus, employees who work limited and/or sporadic hours at a parish (*i.e.*, "non-primary" employment) who are otherwise eligible for benefits due to working at least 1,000 hours per year will be considered eligible at all locations where they work and will be included in all benefit plans applicable to "non-primary" employment.

Social Security and Medicare

The employer is liable for Social Security and Medicare taxes as follows:

- Social Security: 6.2 % on gross salary up to \$176,100 for period Jan 1, 2025 to Dec. 31, 2025.
- Medicare: 1.45% on gross salary for the period Jan 1, 2025 to Dec. 31, 2025.

Health and Dental Insurance Costs

The recommended cost share split for Health and Dental premiums are as follows:

Enhanced Health Plan					
	Parish/School	Employee			
Employee	75%	25%			
Employee +1	60%	40%			
Family	60%	40%			
Basic Health Plan	n				
	Parish/School	Employee			
Employee	85%	15%			
Employee +1	65%	35%			
Family	65%	35%			
High Deductible	Health Plan				
	Parish/School	Employee			
Employee	95%	5%			
Employee +1	75%	25%			
Family	75%	25%			
Dental Plan					
	Parish/School	Employee			
Employee	0%	100%			
Family	0%	100%			

The total annual cost, for budgetary purposes only, are provided below based on the above guidelines. Each parish/school needs to evaluate the relevant percentage of the costs for Enhanced and Basic that can be covered by the parish based on their individual budgetary constraints. This budget amount is based on the current monthly rates as of July 1, 2025. The cost share for the High Deductible Health Plan is set for all parishes as outlined on page 7.

Health Plan Cost Share/Budget Calculator (7/1/2025-6/30/2026)

The Benefits website provides a calculator to estimate costs for Health Plan enrollment. Search for "calculator" on the following page:

catholicbenefits.org/administrators

There is no change to the Dental Plan rates. It is recommended that Dental coverage is paid in full by the employee and should not be included for budgeting purposes.

Enrollment Type		Total Annual Cost Per Employee		
Enhanced Health Plan				
Employee	\$	11,952.24		
Employee+1	\$ \$ \$	26,883.72		
Family	\$	33,454.92		
Basic Health Plan	_			
Employee	\$	10,161.48		
Employee+1	\$ \$ \$	22,855.80		
Family	\$	28,442.88		
High Deductible Health				
Plan with HSA				
Employee	\$	8,725.08		
Employee+1	\$ \$ \$	19,624.92		
Family	\$	24,422.16		
Dental Plan				
Employee	\$ \$	568.44		
Family	\$	1,301.64		

Health Insurance for Temporary Employees

Pursuant to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), employees scheduled or reasonably expected to be compensated for 30+ hours per week must be offered health insurance coverage no later than 90 days from date of hire. Therefore, when budgeting for employees who are considered "temporary," including substitute teachers or per diem employees, locations should include the cost of health insurance (and dental insurance if paid for by the location) if these individuals will be compensated for 30+ hours per week for more than 90 days.

<u>Group Life Insurance, Long-Term Disability, Transition Assistance Program, and Paid Catholic Family and Medical Leave Program</u>

Group Life Insurance (\$0.175 per \$1,000 of annual salary) based on eligibility.

The life insurance benefit coverage is 2 times annual salary, rounded up to next \$1,000, for employees up to age 65; 1.6 times annual salary for employees age 65-70; 1.2 times annual salary for employees age 70+. The salary used for calculating premiums for Group Life is based on an employee's prior year of earnings or estimated annual earnings if the employee has not had a full year of earnings.

LTD (\$0.265 per \$100 of covered salary per month) based on eligibility.

The salary used for calculating premiums for LTD is the employee's annual salary based on prior year's earnings or estimated annual earnings if the employee has not had a full year of earnings.

$\underline{\mathbf{TAP}}$ (0.375% x annual salary) based on eligibility.

The RCAB is not eligible to participate in the Massachusetts unemployment insurance program. TAP was instituted in the 1990's as a self-funded unemployment program that provides eligible employees with unemployment benefits comparable to state unemployment benefits. The salary used for calculating premiums for TAP is based on an employee's prior year of earnings or estimated annual earnings if the employee has not had a full year of earnings.

<u>CFML - Employer "Baseline" Contributions</u>

Employer billing for CFML begins with the first pay date on or after an employee is newly hired or becomes benefit-eligible. (Employees are not eligible to file a claim for CFML until they and/or their employer has/have paid into CFML for at least one continuous 12-month period.) Employers are required to pay into CFML for their benefit-eligible lay employees as listed below. Employees may elect to pay the same amounts into CFML to receive larger benefits if/when a claim for CFML benefits is filed (i.e., CFML "Full" benefits). Employer CFML contributions are calculated on a per paycheck basis, and employer contributions are sent to the Transition Assistance and CFML Trust through an Agency Check in Paylocity. For budgeting purposes, employer contributions are calculated as follows:

- Paid Medical Leave: 0.342% x "covered wages"
- Paid Family Leave: 0.228% x "covered wages"

"Covered wages" include overtime, bonuses, commissions, Christmas/Easter honoraria, stipends, etc., as long as they are paid to employees via payroll as W-2 taxable wages.

401(k) Retirement Savings Plan

All benefit-eligible lay employees of RCAB are automatically enrolled in the 401(k) Plan with a 4% pre-tax payroll deduction during the first pay period following 45 days after hire date, rehire date, or change in the payroll system to benefit-eligible status. Employees may opt out of this automatic enrollment or may decide to defer more or less than 4% of pay.

All benefit-eligible lay employees who meet the eligibility criteria below are entitled to a 401(k) Plan employer matching contribution from the parish equal to a maximum of 4.0% of eligible wages:

- The employee has worked at least 12 months at his current employer (or a prior employer that participates in the 401(k) Plan); and
- Has worked 1,000 hours during those 12 months of employment.

Priests marked as benefit-eligible in Paylocity are immediately eligible for employer matching contributions as outlined below for all deferrals made from all parishes or other RCAB locations paid through Paylocity.

The employer contribution formula is a dollar-for-dollar matching contribution on the first 3.0% contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar matching contribution on the next 2.0% contributed. Thus, a lay employee must contribute at least 5.0% of his own compensation to receive the full 4.0% employer contribution. Lay employees contributing a percentage of pay less than 5% will be automatically escalated by 1% per year to a maximum of 5%. Employees may opt out of this automatic escalation or may decide to escalate by a different percentage.

All lay employees and priests who are paid as W-2 employees but marked as Not Benefit Eligible in Paylocity are eligible to contribute their own funds to the 401(k) Plan through payroll deductions. Lay employees and priests in this category are not eligible for an employer matching contribution until they meet the eligibility criteria listed above, nor are they eligible for other RCAB benefits until they meet the criteria for benefit eligibility (see page 6, Benefit Eligibility).

All lay employees and priests paid as W-2 employees, whether contributing to the 401(k) Plan or not, should also be budgeted for a fee of 0.15% of eligible wages to offset Plan expenses. This charge begins with the first payroll of employment and is pulled automatically by RCAB Finance through Paylocity.

All wages are considered 401(k)-eligible. Imputed income and non-taxable reimbursements are not considered eligible wages. Because all benefit-eligible lay employees are being encouraged to contribute this minimum amount, for budget purposes, an amount of 4.15% of eligible wages should be used for the 401(k) Plan.

Budgeting for Pension Plan

For budget purposes, the parish will need to include an amount for the prior frozen Defined Benefit Pension Plan. For parishes/schools that have annuitized their liability, a monthly amount will be charged to help offset the unfunded liability for parishes, schools and other RCAB locations that have closed without any assets remaining to satisfy Pension Plan obligations.

These amounts will be reviewed annually and communicated by April 1st. For parishes/schools that have not annuitized, amounts individually calculated to satisfy the obligations within approximately seven (7) years (approximately 2032) will be recalculated every year and communicated by April 1st.

Payroll Fees - Paylocity

Standard fees:

- Payroll processing fees \$7.75 per employee per month. The fee is based on active employees as of the 15th of each month.
- Time & Labor \$1.75 PEPM (per employee per month.)
- W-2 fees \$4.00 per W-2. This is billed to each location on the February invoice.
- Delivery fees \$20.00 per delivery
- Paylocity will debit each location's bank account on the 20th of each month for all fees incurred.

As Incurred:

- W-2C \$5.00 per corrected W-2
- Amended tax returns \$200.00 each amended return.



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SECTION 3

DRAFT

Clergy Remuneration and Benefit Costs

ARCHDIOCESE OF BOSTON REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS POLICY FOR BOSTON AND OTHER DIOCESAN PRIESTS

DRAFT

Introduction

The remuneration and benefits below are standard for any priest of the Archdiocese of Boston and any priest from another (Arch) diocese who is assigned by the Archbishop of Boston to an assignment within the Archdiocese. Any variation above or below these figures must be approved on an annual basis by the Episcopal Vicar for Clergy. For priests who are serving in two or more part-time assignments, combined remuneration and benefits are not to exceed what is allowed for in this policy. This does not include remuneration for additional ministry beyond one's official assignment[s] such as a parish priest teaching a course, a priest in special ministry assisting in a parish on weekends, or a priest invited to give an address/talk/workshop within or outside the Archdiocese, provided that the additional ministry does not have a negative impact on a priest's assigned ministry.

Please note the following Archdiocesan policies:

- 1. In accordance with the traditional custom, offerings to the parish may be accepted on the occasions of baptisms, marriages, and funerals. These offerings go to the parish rather than the priest. *Archdiocesan Policy Handbook p. 6315, #1*
- 2. All gifts and offerings of the faithful at Masses and on other occasions belong to the parish, except:
 - a. Special collections ordered and authorized by the Archbishop which are to be returned to the Pastoral Center or other agency in accord with his instructions,
 - b. The \$10 stipend for a Mass which belongs to the celebrant. As stated in the IRS *Audit Guidelines for Ministers*, stipends paid to the celebrant for masses should be reported as income and thus processed through payroll, (see #3 below)
 - c. Personal gifts, individually given, which belong to the recipient when the intention of the donor is clearly stated. *Statutes of the Archdiocese of Boston, Book V* 8.
- 3. As stated in the decree of the bishops of the Province, in accordance with canon 952, "the offering to be given for the celebration and application of both an announced Mass and an unannounced Mass is Ten Dollars (\$10.00)." This includes a Funeral Mass or Nuptial Mass. Canon 951 permits a priest to accept only one Mass stipend per day, except on Christmas and All Souls Day up to a maximum of three. When pastoral necessity requires a priest to celebrate more than one Mass per day to which an intention is joined, the priest is to donate those stipends to the purpose prescribed by the Ordinary which in the Archdiocese of Boston, is for the Formation of Candidates for the Priesthood *Canon 951-1*.
- 4. Modest and reasonable Christmas and/or Easter bonuses may be accepted from the parish as an expression of gratitude to priests (including the pastor himself). In total these bonuses should not exceed a maximum of 5% of a priest's annual stipend payment. While giving pastors flexibility in this area, the value of such bonuses should be reflective of those given to other members of the staff. Payment of all bonuses should be in made in the context of the parishes' ability to do so. Funds for any bonuses may not be taken from the

Christmas, Easter, or September Clergy collections, which belong to the Clergy Trust (aka Clergy Funds or Clergy Health & Retirement Trust) but may be drawn from parish/institution funds.

All bonuses should be paid through payroll, documented in parish/institution records, and reported in gross income, as stated clearly in the IRS *Audit Guidelines for Ministers*.

- 5. The ownership, operation and maintenance of an automobile are the sole responsibility of the individual priest and not of the parish/institution/agency to which he is assigned.
- 6. Parishes are on a common pay period for all priests assigned to a parish. Remuneration for priests is paid in arrears. If a priest is paid monthly the parish where the priest was assigned as of the last day of the month is responsible to pay the priest for that month. Both the current parish and the former parish where the priest was assigned should review to ensure the appropriate amount is paid by the respective parishes during the transition.

If a priest is paid bi-weekly, the parish where the priest is assigned at the end of the pay period is responsible to pay the priest for that pay period. The previous parish and the new parish shall communicate with each other on the payroll transition to ensure the payroll is accurate. A priest remuneration payment can be paid on a bi-weekly or monthly basis. A priest remuneration payment can be paid on a bi-weekly or a monthly basis.

The above policies are those followed for all audits of parishes, institutions, and agencies. They will also be made available any time the Archdiocese is asked by the IRS and/or Commonwealth to provide information due to the tax audit of any individual priest.

TAXABLE INCOME

Remuneration

1. Base Stipend:

The base stipend for an Archdiocesan priest for fiscal year 2026 is \$34,520 effective July 1, 2025. This is a 2.56% increase based on the COLA (cost of living adjustment) methodology. For details related to the COLA please see the Appendix.

2. Professional Allotment:

Each priest is responsible for his professional ministry expenses such as routine mileage, parking, tolls, and public transportation related to ministry; study weeks, workshop days and continuing education programs; publications, books, professional dues, clerical clothing and vestments for personal use; and days of recollection and spiritual enrichment programs except the Archdiocesan Convocation and the annual retreat [see below]. These ministry expenses are covered by the \$6,710 professional allotment portion of the Archdiocesan priest's remuneration.

3. Seniority Increment:

All priests ordained 0-10 years receive a ten-year fixed seniority increment of \$1,000; beginning at year eleven, the increment builds \$100 each year, capping at the fiftieth year.

4. Newly Ordained Priests:

Priest that are ordained during this fiscal year will be paid using the Remuneration Schedule in effect for the first year of ordination listed on the schedule.

5. Senior Priests In Assignment:

When a senior priest of the Archdiocese of Boston is officially assigned by the Archdishop, the receiving parish or agency is to pay the priest for the difference of what he would be making as an active priest (based on his year of ordination) less his senior priest stipend (\$1,581.41/month). The parish or agency is not responsible for the senior priest's medical insurance.

6. Guidance on Offerings to Visiting Priests:

Pastors may give an offering to a visiting priest for assisting at a parish to which he is not assigned to celebrate a mass. The suggested offering is \$100 and would be considered taxable income. This would include the \$10 for an intention mass and if applicable transportation costs.

Pastors may give an offering to a visiting priest for assisting at a parish to which he is not assigned to hear confessions. The suggested offering is a range of \$50-\$100 and would be considered taxable income.

Please Note:

All priests are to enroll in Social Security. Not participating in Social Security may prevent a priest from accumulating 40 quarters which is needed to qualify for Medicare A & B at age 65 and to collect Social Security.

Enrolled priests pay the total 15.3 percent Social Security tax on their income. The remuneration includes a supplement to assist with Social Security cost, and it is included as part of the base stipend since it is taxable for both Federal Income and Social Security taxes. There is a separate "Archdiocesan Priest Remuneration Payment Schedule" for priests "not participating in the Social Security Program." Remuneration for incardinated priests that do not participate in Social Security is reduced by 25 percent. To obtain a copy of this payment schedule for priests not participating in the Social Security Program contact the Episcopal Vicar for Clergy.

Each priest is to notify the parish or institution to which he is assigned as to whether he is part of the Social Security program. In turn, pastors/administrators/supervisors are to notify the Executive Director of the Clergy Trust in writing of all priests not participating in the Social Security Program. Each parish/institution will send Clergy Trust the 25% difference to assist with the greatly increased cost of benefits for priests not eligible for Medicare.

Automobile Insurance

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned will pay the first \$900 annually to assist with the auto insurance for the priest. The priest is responsible to pay the remaining balance. The priest must submit a copy of his auto insurance bill to secure reimbursement. Priests not assigned to a parish or Archdiocesan institution are not eligible for auto insurance assistance.

A priest who is assigned to a parish or Archdiocesan institution in one of the following areas designated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as a high insurance area - Boston, Brockton, Chelsea, Everett, Lawrence, Lowell, Lynn, Revere and Somerville - and pays over \$1,600 annually, may request an additional amount of compensation for the cost of his insurance from the parish or institution to which he is assigned, according to the following scale:

	Portion of Premium Paid by
Annual Insurance Premium	Parish or Institution
From \$0 to \$1,600	\$900 paid by parish /institution
From \$1,601 to \$1,700	\$1,000 paid by parish /instituion
From \$1,701 to \$1,800	\$1,100 paid by parish /instituion
From \$1,801 to \$1,900	\$1,200 paid by parish /instituion
From \$1,901 to \$2,000	\$1,300 paid by parish /instituion
From \$2,001 to \$2,100	\$1,400 paid by parish /instituion
From \$2,100 to \$2,200	\$1,500 paid by parish /instituion
From \$2,201 and over	\$1,600 paid by parish /instituion

This compensation for auto insurance is taxable income for Federal, State and Social Security taxes and must appear on the W-2 form at the end of the year.

Priests are encouraged to participate in the automobile insurance program offered through the Archdiocese of Boston. If you would like information on this program contact Joseph McEnness, Executive Director of the Office of Risk Management at (617) 746-5740 or email Joseph_McEnness@rcab.org.

Room and Board

The parish or institution to which the priest is assigned provides room and board. The fair market value for room and board remains at \$600 per month. This amount is \$7,200 annually and is taxable to the individual priest for Social Security purposes only.

Meals Policy

With many rectories no longer employing a cook, a priest is entitled to reimbursement for his meals, of a reasonable cost that are eaten offsite, with a properly completed expense report accompanied by receipts. A "stipend" for his periodic meals unsupported by specific receipts, is not permitted. The pastor/administrator of a parish should develop a meal policy for the rectory which should be given to the priests living in the rectory in writing.

Moving Expenses at the Time of Transfer

The receiving parish is responsible for assisting with the moving expenses up to a maximum of \$800. This reimbursement for moving expenses is taxable income for Federal, State and Social Security taxes and must appear on the W-2 form at the end of the year. Assistance with moving expenses is considered taxable income by the IRS. For a priest moving to a seminary, the seminary pays for his moving expenses. For a priest going on Lend Lease, the receiving institution pays for his moving expenses. Retiring priests pay for their own moving costs unless the parish assists as a token of gratitude.

NON-TAXABLE INCOME/BENEFITS

Retreat

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned will pay up to \$1,250 annually for a priest's retreat. These amounts include the fee paid directly by the parish/institution to the institution sponsoring the retreat and reimbursement for travel expenses up to the annual limit. Priests not assigned to a parish or Archdiocesan institution are not eligible for this retreat benefit. A priest is entitled to up to 8 days for a retreat annually. The retreat days do not carry over from one year to the next if not used. Each diocesan priest is to make a spiritual retreat every year. Priests should inform their Regional Bishop or Episcopal Vicar of their annual retreat.

Priest Convocation(s)

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned is to pay the cost for the Archdiocesan priest convocation(s). These amounts include the registration fee paid directly by the Archdiocese and reimbursement for mileage expenses.

Continuing Education

It is the expectation of the Church that all priests participate in ongoing formation. This includes regular meetings with a spiritual director, an annual retreat and continuing education. This expectation is outlined in the documents *Pastores Dabo Vobis* and the *Basic Plan for the Ongoing Formation of Priests* by the United States Bishops. Part of the \$6,710 professional allotment is to help priests cover the cost of continuing education. The priest is entitled to 5 days away from his assignment each year to participate in ongoing education.

Those in the first 5 years of their priesthood are expected to participate in the Cardinal's program of Ongoing Formation. The cost for this is covered by the parish where the priest is assigned.

Resources for Parish Ministry

It is expected that all priests assigned to parishes will be given the necessary tools for ministry. This includes a cell phone and monthly service fees, office, computer, and a credit card for ministry related purchases. These are to be provided by and paid for by the parish to provide the tools necessary for the priests to carry out his pastoral ministry. Each priest is responsible for maintaining these items in good working order and ensuring their security and safe keeping.

When a priest is reassigned, these items are to be returned to the parish or collaborative as they remain the property of the parish that purchased them. Equipment that is intended for personal use should be purchased directly by a priest.

Days Off

Priests may take up to two days off per week. The priest may start his time off after his morning responsibilities are completed.

Vacation Time

A priest is entitled to one month of paid vacation time each year. Each priest in consultation with their pastor or supervisor is to ensure coverage during this absence. The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned is responsible to pay the priest while on vacation. Vacation time is an annual allotment that does not carry over if unused, nor can it be paid out if unused — *Statutes of the Archdiocese of Boston, Book II* — 51, Canon 533.2.

If a priest expects to be away from his assignment for more than 28 consecutive days, the priest must seek permission from his Regional Bishop/Episcopal Vicar prior to his absence.

Clergy Benefits

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned pays the Clergy Trust benefits assessment which includes medical, prescription, dental, wellness and various other benefits. The annual assessment for fiscal year 2026 will increase to \$23,112, which reflects the same overall fiscal year 2026 Remuneration Policy increase of 2.56%.

An incardinated priest who is assigned, with the permission of the Archbishop, to a non-archdiocesan institution will either receive benefits from his employer, or the employer or the priest himself will pay the Clergy Trust benefits assessment.

Parish priests are eligible for Medicare at age 65 and should enroll in Medicare Part A & B. For a priest working in a parish or who recently transferred to a parish with less than 20 employees, Medicare A & B then becomes the Primary insurance for medical expenses and Harvard Pilgrim Health Plan becomes the Secondary coverage for all other approved medical expenses.

The parish or institution to which an active priest at age 65 qualifies for Medicare, based on the number of employees, pays the Clergy Trust benefits assessment minus the monthly cost of Medicare part B for the priest. The parish or institution reimburses the priest for the Medicare Part B payment.

Non-incardinated diocesan priests assigned by the Archbishop of Boston to an archdiocesan assignment may be insured through the priest's home diocese with the parish or archdiocesan institution to which he is assigned reimbursing the home diocese for the actual cost (the annual approved amount as stated above), or, if such coverage is not available, may, if approved, be insured through the lay-employee health plan of the Archdiocese of Boston, with the parish or archdiocesan institution paying the premium. Religious priests are provided for in the section of policy pertaining to them.

The parish or Archdiocesan institution is responsible for paying the entire amount of both monthly premiums for non-incardinated diocesan priests assigned by the Archbishop of Boston to an Archdiocesan assignment that are on the lay employee health and dental plan of the Archdiocese of Boston. The parish or Archdiocesan institution is responsible to reimburse the priest for the first \$750 in deductibles and/or coinsurance costs under the Blue Cross Plan. The priest is responsible for deductibles and/or coinsurance costs above the \$750 under the Blue Cross Plan.

Retirement Funding

An incardinated priest who is assigned, with the permission of the Archbishop, to a non-archdiocesan institution will make an annual contribution of \$7,200 to the Clergy Trust, either through his employer or by himself directly, unless he is enrolled in a retirement or pension plan through that institution and, as a result, will not be eligible for senior priest benefits from the Clergy Trust. Examples of such retirement or pension plans are priests who qualify for retirement benefits because of service as chaplain for: active-duty military, VA Hospitals, state prisons, general hospitals or universities.

Incardinated priests assigned to locations within the Archdiocese are eligible to participate in the RCAB 401(k) Plan. Each eligible priest who makes contributions (either through Roth or pre-tax deferrals) will receive a matching employer contribution in an amount equal to 100% of the first 3% of compensation contributed, plus 50% of the next 2% of compensation contributed. To receive the full 4.0% employer contribution, the eligible priest must contribute at least 5.0% of his own eligible compensation to the 401(k) Plan effective January. All wages (priest stipend, Mass stipends, bonuses, etc.) are considered 401(k)-eligible. Imputed income and non-taxable reimbursements are not considered eligible wages. Because all eligible priests are being encouraged to contribute this minimum amount, for budget purposes, an amount of 4.15% of payroll wages should be used for the 401(k)-retirement plan. The employer contribution amounts will be reviewed annually. See appendices for examples of contribution levels for the 401(k) plan. Information regarding priest participation is available on the Catholic Benefits website at: catholicbenefits.org/401k and then navigate to the Priests tab on the left menu.

Personal Property Insurance

A priest of the Archdiocesan of Boston serving in an assignment within the Archdiocese is provided \$20,000 of personal effects insurance through the Archdiocese (at no cost to the priest). All individual personal items valued at \$1,500 or more should be inventoried and sent to the RCAB Risk Management Department. Please contact the RCAB Risk Management Department for further details.

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Form I-9 Requirements

All persons providing services in exchange for wages or other compensation at any RCAB location (Parish, Shrine, Worship site, School, Hospital, Apostolate, Seminary or Pastoral Center) must comply with federal law using the Form I-9 process to verify both identity and employment eligibility. There is no exception for priests. If the Form I-9 process shows that the person is not in fact authorized to work, then the person may not work or provide services in exchange for compensation or hospitality. All persons in the United States enjoy freedom of worship, and a priest who lacks employment authorization is still free to say Mass as an act of worship. He is not, however free to provide religious services in exchange for compensation. Thus, a nonwork-eligible priest should not receive any stipend or have any appearance of employment such as an office or set schedule of duties.

Priests who are receiving compensation for religious services provided must have a Form I-9 completed on or before the first date of employment, just as is done for any other employee. The I-9 process is done by the parish /location of ministry and not by Clergy Personnel.

The following resources are recommended for completing the Form I-9 form:

The handbook for employers: https://www.uscis.gov/i-9-central/handbook-employers-m-274

The most current Form I-9 and instructions: https://www.uscis.gov/i-9

R-1 Religious Workers & Sponsorship Requirements

For priests that are not U.S. Citizens nor are Permanent Residents, a common form of temporary work status will be that of an R-1 Visa. Pastors and other RCAB agency/location heads that are seeking to employ a priest or deacon who might require temporary work status, should make a formal request to the Archdiocese's Secretariat for Ministerial Personnel. The Secretariat is responsible for authorizing all cases involving the sponsorship of priests and deacons. Costs associated with obtaining such a visa/status are normally borne by the entity requesting it.

Please note that R-1 status only allows the cleric to receive compensation from the entity that sponsored them – no one else. The name of the sponsoring agency can be found on the R-1 approval documentation. Parishes or agency/locations that are looking to compensate a priest or deacon who already has R-1 status, should ensure this compliance in advance. Any questions about this can be brought to the Human Resources Department at the Pastoral Center.

Priests without a work-authorized status permitting them to work specifically for your organization (e.g., under appropriate circumstances R-1, CPT, OPT), as evidenced by a properly completed I-9, still have freedom of worship and may be permitted to celebrate Mass occasionally. They may not receive any form of compensation. They may not have an office or a set schedule of duties.

Reference Guide on Classifications of Priests

This guide is meant as a resource when determining how priests are paid, their benefits, and forms required based on the applicable priest category. See Appendices.

REVIEW

This remuneration policy v	vill be in force for fisc	al year 2025 and	l reviewed annually	thereafter unless	rescinded or
amended by the Archbisho	op.				

ARCHDIOCESE OF BOSTON REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS FOR RELIGIOUS ORDER PRIESTS ASSIGNED BY THE ARCHBISHOP TO AN ARCHDIOCESAN ASSIGNMENT DRAFT

Introduction

The remuneration and benefits below are standard for any priest of a religious congregation who is assigned by the Archbishop of Boston to an Archdiocesan assignment. Any variation above or below these figures must be approved on an annual basis by the Episcopal Vicar for Clergy. For priests who are serving in two or more part-time assignments, combined remuneration and benefits is not to exceed what is allowed for in this policy. This does not include remuneration for additional ministry beyond one's official assignment[s] such as a parish priest teaching a course, a priest in special ministry assisting in a parish on weekends, or a priest invited to give an address/talk/workshop within or outside the Archdiocese, provided that the additional ministry does not have a negative impact on a priest's assigned ministry.

Please note the following Archdiocesan policies:

- In accordance with the traditional custom, offerings to the parish may be accepted on the occasion of baptisms, marriages, and funerals. These offerings go to the parish rather than the priest. — Archdiocesan Policy Handbook p. 6315, #1
- 2. All gifts and offerings of the faithful at Masses and on other occasions belong to the parish, except:
 - a. Special collections ordered and authorized by the Archbishop, which are to be returned to the Pastoral Center or other agency in accord with his instructions.
 - b. The \$10 stipend for a Mass which belong to the celebrant; (see #3 below)
 - c. Personal gifts, individually given, which belong to the recipient when the intention of the donor is clearly stated. *Statutes of the Archdiocese of Boston, Book V* 8.
- 3. As stated in the decree of the bishops of the Province, in accordance with canon 952, "the offering to be given for the celebration and application of both an announced Mass and an unannounced Mass is Ten Dollars (\$10.00)." This includes a Funeral Mass or Nuptial Mass. Canon 951 permits a priest to accept only one Mass stipend per day, except on Christmas and All Souls Day. When pastoral necessity requires a priest to celebrate more than one intention Mass per day to which an intention is joined, the priest is to donate those stipends to the purpose prescribed by the Ordinary which in the Archdiocese of Boston, is for the Formation of Candidates for the Priesthood *Canon 951-1*.
- 4. Modest and reasonable Christmas and/or Easter bonuses may be accepted from the parish as an expression of gratitude to priests (including the pastor himself). In total these bonuses should not exceed a maximum of 5% of a priest's annual stipend payment. While giving pastors flexibility in this area, the value of such bonuses should be reflective of those given to other members of the staff. Payment of all bonuses should be in made in the context of the parishes' ability to do so. Funds for any bonuses may not be taken from the Christmas or Easter collections, which belong to the Clergy Trust (aka Clergy Funds or Clergy Health & Retirement Trust) but may be drawn from parish/institution funds.
- 5. The ownership, operation and maintenance of an automobile are the sole responsibility of the individual priest or religious congregation and not of the parish/institution/agency to which he is assigned.
- 6. All parishes are on a common pay period for priests assigned to the parish. While the Priest Remuneration Policy expresses remuneration as a monthly amount, priest stipends may also be paid on a bi-weekly basis. If a priest is paid monthly the parish where the priest was assigned as of the last day of the month is responsible to pay the priest for

the month. If a priest is paid bi-weekly, the parish where the priest is assigned at the end of the pay period will is responsible to pay the priest for that pay period. Remuneration for each priest is paid in arrears.

The above policies are those followed for all audits of parishes, institutions and agencies. They will also be made available any time the Archdiocese is asked by the IRS and/or Commonwealth to provide information due to the tax audit of any religious congregation or individual priest.

Remuneration

1. Base Stipend:

The base stipend for a Religious Order priest for fiscal year 2026 is \$31,750 effective July 1, 2025. This is a 2.56% increase based on the COLA (cost of living adjustment) methodology. For details related to the COLA please see the Appendix.

2. Professional Allotment:

Each priest is responsible for his professional ministry expenses such as routine mileage, parking, tolls, and public transportation related to ministry; study weeks, workshop days and continuing education programs; publications, books, professional dues, clerical clothing and vestments for personal use; and days of recollection and spiritual enrichment programs except the Archdiocesan Convocation and the annual retreat [see below]. These ministry expenses are covered by the \$5,370 professional allotment portion of the religious order priest's remuneration.

3. Seniority Increment:

All priests ordained 0-10 years receive a ten-year fixed seniority increment of \$1,000; beginning at year eleven, the increment builds \$100 each year, capping at the fiftieth year.

4. Stipend Payments:

Stipends for Religious Order priests from another country with a Provincial in the United States are paid directly to their Religious Order, not to the individual priest – see the Guide on Classifications of Priests at the end of this policy.

However, when the Religious Order priest from another country does <u>not</u> have a Provincial in the United States the stipend payments will be made directly to the priest at the rate of an Incardinated priest – see Archdiocesan Priest Remuneration Payment Schedule. Pease note, the priest will be required to file Federal and State taxes at the end of a calendar year.

5. Guidance on Offerings to Visiting Priests:

Pastors may give an offering to a visiting priest for assisting at a parish to which he is not assigned to celebrate a mass. Typically, such a stipend falls in the range of \$75 to \$125 and would be considered taxable income. This would include the \$10 for an intention mass and if applicable transportation costs.

Pastors may give an offering to a visiting priest for assisting at a parish to which he is not assigned to hear confessions. The suggested offering is a range of \$50-\$100 and would be considered taxable income.

Automobile Insurance

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned will pay the first \$900 annually to assist with the auto insurance for the priest, and the priest pays the remaining balance. The priest must submit a copy of his auto insurance bill to secure reimbursement. Priests not assigned to a parish or Archdiocesan institution are not eligible for auto insurance assistance.

A priest who is assigned to a parish or Archdiocesan institution in one of the following areas designated by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts as a high insurance area - Boston, Brockton, Chelsea, Everett, Lawrence, Lowell, Lynn, Revere and Somerville - and pays \$1,600 or more annually, may request an additional amount of compensation for the cost of his insurance from the parish or institution to which he is assigned, according to the following scale:

	Portion of Premium Paid by
Annual Insurance Premium	Parish or Institution
From \$0 to \$1,600	\$900 paid by parish / institution
From \$1,601 to \$1,700	\$1,000 paid by parish / institution
From \$1,701 to \$1,800	\$1,100 paid by parish / institution
From \$1,801 to \$1,900	\$1,200 paid by parish / institution
From \$1,901 to \$2,000	\$1,300 paid by parish / institution
From \$2,001 to \$2,100	\$1,400 paid by parish / institution
From \$2,100 to \$2,200	\$1,500 paid by parish / institution
From \$2,201 and over	\$1,600 paid by parish / institution

This compensation for auto insurance is taxable income for Federal, State and Social Security taxes and must appear on the W-2 form at the end of the year.

Priests are encouraged to participate in the automobile insurance program offered through the Archdiocese of Boston. If you would like information on this program contact Joseph McEnness, Executive Director of the Office of Risk Management at (617) 746-5740 or email Joseph_Mcenness@rcab.org.

Room and Board

The fair market value for room and board remains at \$600 per month. This amount is \$7,200 annually. The parish or institution to which the priest is assigned provides room and board.

Meals Policy

With many rectories no longer employing a cook, a priest is entitled to reimbursement for his meals, of a reasonable cost that are eaten offsite, with a properly completed expense report accompanied by receipts. A "stipend" for his periodic meals unsupported by specific receipts, is not permitted. The pastor/administrator of a parish should develop a meal policy for the rectory which should be given to the priests living in the rectory in writing.

Retreat

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned will pay up to \$1,250 annually for a priest's retreat. These amounts include the fee paid directly by the parish/institution to the institution sponsoring the retreat and reimbursement for travel expenses up to the annual limit. Priests not assigned to a parish or archdiocesan institution are not eligible for this retreat benefit. A priest is entitled to up to 8 days for a retreat annually. The retreat days do not carryover from one year to the next if not used. — *Statutes of the Archdiocese of Boston, Book II - 17, Canon 276*. Priests should inform their Regional Bishop or Episcopal Vicar of their annual retreat.

Priest Convocation(s)

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned is to pay the cost for the Archdiocesan priest convocation(s). These amounts include the registration fee paid directly by the Archdiocese and reimbursement for mileage expenses.

Continuing Education

It is the expectation of the Church that all priests participate in ongoing formation. This includes regular meetings with a spiritual director, annual retreat and continuing education. This expectation is outlined in the documents; *Pastores Dabo Vobis* and the *Basic Plan for the Ongoing Formation of Priests* by the United States Bishops. Part of the \$5,240 professional allotment is to help priests cover the cost of continuing education.

Those in their first 5 years of their priesthood are expected to participate in the Cardinal's program of Ongoing Formation. The cost for this is covered by the parish where the priest is assigned. The priest is entitled to 5 days away from his assignment each year to participate in ongoing education.

Resources for Parish Ministry

It is expected that all priests assigned to parishes will be given the necessary tools for ministry. This includes a cell phone and monthly service fees, office, computer and a credit card for ministry related purchases. These are to be provided by and paid for by the parish to provide the tools necessary for the priests to carry out his pastoral ministry. Each priest is responsible for maintaining these items in good working order and ensuring their security and safe keeping.

When a priest is reassigned these items are to be returned to the parish or collaborative as they remain the property of the parish that purchased them. Equipment that is intended for personal use should be purchased directly by a priest.

Days Off

Priests may take up to two days off per week. The priest may start his time off after his morning responsibilities are completed.

Vacation Time

A priest is entitled to one month of paid vacation time each year. Each priest in consultation with their pastor or supervisor is to ensure coverage during this absence. The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned is responsible to pay the priest while on vacation. Vacation time is an annual allotment that does not carry over if unused, nor can it be paid out if unused. — *Statutes of the Archdiocese of Boston, Book II* — *51, Canon 533.2.*

If a priest expects to be away for more than 28 consecutive days, the priest shall seek permission from his Regional Bishop/Episcopal Vicar prior to the vacation.

Medical and Dental Insurance

The parish or institution to which a priest is assigned pays the benefits assessment premium. A religious order priest may be insured through his religious community with the parish or archdiocesan institution he is assigned to reimbursing the community for the actual cost of the medical insurance up to \$23,112 annually. If such coverage is not available, a religious order priest may, if approved, be insured through the lay employee medical and dental plan of the Archdiocese of Boston, with the parish or archdiocesan institution paying the monthly premium.

The parish or Archdiocesan institution is responsible to reimburse the religious order priest for the first \$750 in deductibles and/or coinsurance costs under the Blue Cross Plan. The religious order priest is responsible for deductibles and/or coinsurance costs above the \$750 under the Blue Cross Plan.

Retirement Benefits

Funding for retirement benefits is generally provided to religious communities through the Christmas and Easter collections of the parishes in the Archdiocese entrusted to the religious community. When a priest is assigned to a parish or archdiocesan institution other than one entrusted to his religious community, his community shall be entitled to receive \$300 annually from the parish or the archdiocesan institution to which the priest is assigned.

Priests not incardinated in the Archdiocese of Boston do not qualify for retirement benefits provided by the Archdiocese of Boston.

ADDITIONAL PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

Form I-9 Requirements

All persons providing services in exchange for wages or other compensation at any RCAB location (Parish, Shrine, Worship site, School, Hospital, Apostolate, Seminary or Pastoral Center) must comply with federal law using the Form I-9 process to verify both identity and employment eligibility. There is no exception for priests. If the Form I-9 process shows that the person is not in fact authorized to work, then the person may not work or provide services in exchange for compensation or hospitality. All persons in the United States enjoy freedom of worship, and a priest who lacks employment authorization is still free to say Mass as an act of worship. He is not, however free to provide religious services in exchange for compensation. Thus, a nonwork-eligible priest should not receive any stipend or have any appearance of employment such as an office or set schedule of duties.

Priests who are receiving compensation for religious services provided must have a Form I-9 completed on or before the first date of employment, just as is done for any other employee. The I-9 process is done by the parish /location of ministry and not by Clergy Personnel.

The following resources are recommended for completing the Form I-9 form:

The handbook for employers: https://www.uscis.gov/i-9-central/handbook-employers-m-274

The most current Form I-9 and instructions: https://www.uscis.gov/i-9

R-1 Religious Workers & Sponsorship Requirements

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Priests without a work-authorized status permitting them to work specifically for your organization (e.g., under appropriate circumstances R-1, CPT, OPT), as evidenced by a properly completed I-9, still have freedom of worship and may be permitted to celebrate Mass occasionally. They may not receive any form of compensation. They may not have an office or a set schedule of duties.

Reference Guide on Classifications of Priests

This guide is meant as a resource when determining how priests are paid, their benefits, and forms required based on the applicable priest category. See Appendices.

REVIEW	
This policy will be in force for fiscal year 2026 and reviewed annually thereafter unless rescinded or arthe Archbishop.	nended by

APPENDICES

COLA CALCULATION METHODOLOGY & EXAMPLES

ESVOV Built at	IF FY25 COLA Was	Nov. 2024 <u>CPI-W*</u>	FY26 COLA Is	See Calculation #2 Below	
FY26 Budget	3.15%	2.56%	2.56%	See Calculation #2 Below	
Example #1	2.00%	1.00%	1.00%	See Calculation #2 Below	
Example #2	2.00%	3.00%	3.00%	See Calculation #1 Below	
Example #3	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	See Calculation #3 Below	
Example #4	2.00%	-1.00%	0.00%	See Calculation #4 Below	
Example #5	1.00%	7.00%	2.00%	See Calculation #5 Below	
Calculation #1			W year-over-year ouble the previo	r, the COLA shall be the lesser of the us COLA	
Calculation #2			year-over-year, or half the prev	, the COLA shall be the greater of the vious COLA	
Calculation #3	With no change in the CPI-W from prior year, the COLA is the CPI-W for the next year				
Calculation #4	When the CPI-W is 0% or negative, no change shall be made to the stipend amount for the next year.				
Calculation #5	With an increase in the CPI-W year-over-year greater than 5%, the average of the last two fiscal year CPI-W increases, plus 0.5% for each percentage increase over 5%, will be the actual COLA for the next year.				

*NOTE: CPI-W is the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers

Fiscal Year 2026 With Increase							
	2.56%						
Archdiocesan Priest FY 2025 Increase FY 2026							
Base	\$ 33,660	\$ 860	\$ 34,520				
Professional Allotment	6,540	170	6,710				
Senior Increment	1,000	-	1,000				
Total	\$ 41,200	\$ 1,030	\$ 42,230				

	2.56%					
Religious Order Priest	FY 2025	Increase	FY 2026			
Base	\$ 30,960	\$ 790	\$ 31,750			
Professional Allotment	5,240	130	5,370			
Senior Increment	1,000	-	1,000			
Total	\$ 37,200	\$ 920	\$ 38,120			

ARCHDIOCESAN PRIEST REMUNERATION PAYMENT SCHEDULE

FISCAL YEAR 2026 (JULY 2025 - JUNE 2026)

				Total	Total	Total
Year of	Base	Professional	Seniority	Annual	Monthly	Bi-Weekly
Ordination	Stipend	Allotment - *	Increment	Payment	Payment	Payment
2025	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2024	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2023	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2022	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2021	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2020	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2019	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2018	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2017	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2016	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2015	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,000	\$42,230	\$3,519.17	\$1,624.23
2014	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,100	\$42,330	\$3,527.50	\$1,628.08
2013	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,200	\$42,430	\$3,535.83	\$1,631.92
2012	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,300	\$42,530	\$3,544.17	\$1,635.77
2011	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,400	\$42,630	\$3,552.50	\$1,639.62
2010	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,500	\$42,730	\$3,560.83	\$1,643.46
2009	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,600	\$42,830	\$3,569.17	\$1,647.31
2008	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,700	\$42,930	\$3,577.50	\$1,651.15
2007	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,800	\$43,030	\$3,585.83	\$1,655.00
2006	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$1,900	\$43,130	\$3,594.17	\$1,658.85
2005	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,000	\$43,230	\$3,602.50	\$1,662.69
2004	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,100	\$43,330	\$3,610.83	\$1,666.54
2003	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,200	\$43,430	\$3,619.17	\$1,670.38
2002	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,300	\$43,530	\$3,627.50	\$1,674.23
2001	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,400	\$43,630	\$3,635.83	\$1,678.08
2000	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,500	\$43,730	\$3,644.17	\$1,681.92
1999	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,600	\$43,830	\$3,652.50	\$1,685.77
1998	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,700	\$43,930	\$3,660.83	\$1,689.62
1997	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,800	\$44,030	\$3,669.17	\$1,693.46
1996	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$2,900	\$44,130	\$3,677.50	\$1,697.31
1995	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,000	\$44,230	\$3,685.83	\$1,701.15
1994	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,100	\$44,330	\$3,694.17	\$1,705.00
1993	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,200	\$44,430	\$3,702.50	\$1,708.85
1992	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,300	\$44,530	\$3,710.83	\$1,712.69
1991	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,400	\$44,630	\$3,719.17	\$1,716.54
1990	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,500	\$44,730	\$3,727.50	\$1,720.38
1989	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,600	\$44,830	\$3,735.83	\$1,724.23
1988 1987	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$3,700	\$44,930	\$3,744.17	\$1,728.08
1986	\$34,520 \$34,520	\$6,710 \$6,710	\$3,800 \$3,900	\$45,030 \$45,130	\$3,752.50 \$3,760.83	\$1,731.92 \$1,735.77
1985	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,000	\$45,730	\$3,769.17	\$1,739.62
1984	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,100	\$45,330	\$3,777.50	\$1,743.46
1983	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,200	\$45,430	\$3,785.83	\$1,747.31
1982	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,300	\$45,530	\$3,794.17	\$1,751.15
1981	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,400	\$45,630	\$3,802.50	\$1,755.00
1980	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,500	\$45,730	\$3,810.83	\$1,758.85
1979	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,600	\$45,830	\$3,819.17	\$1,762.69
1978	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,700	\$45,930	\$3,827.50	\$1,766.54
1977	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,800	\$46,030	\$3,835.83	\$1,770.38
1976	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$4,900	\$46,130	\$3,844.17	\$1,774.23
1975	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3.852.50	\$1,778.08
1974	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1973	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1972	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1971	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1970	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1969	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1968	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1967	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1966	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1965	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1964	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1963	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,000	\$46,230	\$3,852.50	\$1,778.08
1962	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,200	\$46,430	\$3,869.17	\$1,785.77
1961 &						
Before	\$34,520	\$6,710	\$5,400	\$46,630	\$3,885.83	\$1,793.46
	,	neration and Bo				

*See page 2 of the Remuneration and Benefits for Archdiocesan Priests for ministry expenses covered under the professional allotment.

Grandfathered rates

RELIGIOUS ORDER PRIEST REMUNERATION PAYMENT SCHEDULE

FISCAL YEAR 2026 (JULY 2025 - JUNE 2026)

				Total	Total	Total
Year of	Base	Professional	Seniority	Annual	Monthly	Bi-Weekly
Ordination	Stipend	Allotment - *	Increment	Payment	Payment	Payment
2025	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2024	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2023	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2022	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2021	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2020	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2019	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2018	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2017	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2016	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2015	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,000	\$38,120	\$3,176.67	\$1,466.15
2014	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,100	\$38,220	\$3,185.00	\$1,470.00
2013	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,200	\$38,320	\$3,193.33	\$1,473.85
2012	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,300	\$38,420	\$3,201.67	\$1,477.69
2011	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,400	\$38,520	\$3,210.00	\$1,481.54
2010	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,500	\$38,620	\$3,218.33	\$1,485.38
2009	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,600	\$38,720	\$3,226.67	\$1,489.23
2008	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,700	\$38,820	\$3,235.00	\$1,493.08
2007	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,800	\$38,920	\$3,243.33	\$1,496.92
2006	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$1,900	\$39,020	\$3,251.67	\$1,500.77
2005	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,000	\$39,120	\$3,260.00	\$1,504.62
2004	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,100	\$39,220	\$3,268.33	\$1,508.46
2003	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,200	\$39,320	\$3,276.67	\$1,512.31
2002	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,300	\$39,420	\$3,285.00	\$1,516.15
2001	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,400	\$39,520	\$3,293.33	\$1,520.00
2000	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,500	\$39,620	\$3,301.67	\$1,523.85
1999	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,600	\$39,720	\$3,310.00	\$1,527.69
1998	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,700	\$39,820	\$3,318.33	\$1,531.54
1997	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,800	\$39,920	\$3,326.67	\$1,535.38
1996	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$2,900	\$40,020	\$3,335.00	\$1,539.23
1995	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,000	\$40,120	\$3,343.33	\$1,543.08
1994	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,100	\$40,220	\$3,351.67	\$1,546.92
1993	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,200	\$40,320	\$3,360.00	\$1,550.77
1992	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,300	\$40,420	\$3,368.33	\$1,554.62
1991	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,400	\$40,520	\$3,376.67	\$1,558.46
1990	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,500	\$40,620	\$3,385.00	\$1,562.31
1989	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,600	\$40,720	\$3,393.33	\$1,566.15
1988	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,700	\$40,820	\$3,401.67	\$1,570.00
1987	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,800	\$40,920	\$3,410.00	\$1,573.85
1986	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$3,900	\$41,020	\$3,418.33	\$1,577.69
1985	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,000	\$41,120	\$3,426.67	\$1,581.54
1984	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,100	\$41,220	\$3,435.00	\$1,585.38
1983	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,200	\$41,320	\$3,443.33	\$1,589.23
1982	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,300	\$41,420	\$3,451.67	\$1,593.08
1981	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,400	\$41,520	\$3,460.00	\$1,596.92
1980	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,500	\$41,620	\$3,468.33	\$1,600.77
1979	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,600	\$41,720	\$3,476.67	\$1,604.62
1978	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,700	\$41,820	\$3,485.00	\$1,608.46
1977	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,800	\$41,920	\$3,493.33	\$1,612.31
1976	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$4,900	\$42,020	\$3,501.67	\$1,616.15
1975	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1974	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1973	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1972	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1971	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1970	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1969	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1968	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1967	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1966	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1965	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1964	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1963	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,000	\$42,120	\$3,510.00	\$1,620.00
1962	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,200	\$42,320	\$3,526.67	\$1,627.69
1961 &	#04 7 50	ΦE 070	¢5.400	¢40	#0 F40 05	¢4 605 05
Before	\$31,750	\$5,370	\$5,400	\$42,520	\$3,543.33	\$1,635.38
*See page 2	of the Remu	neration and Be	enefits for Arc	endiocesan Pri	ests for minis	stry

^{*}See page 2 of the Remuneration and Benefits for Archdiocesan Priests for ministry expenses covered under the professional allotment.

Grandfathered rates

Example A - priest contributes 3% of pay bi-weekly priest stipend \$1,624.03 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$3% 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$48.72 bi-weekly 401(k) employer contribution (100 cents on the dollar for the first 3% contributed, aka 3%) annual 401(k) priest contribution \$1,266.74 Example B - priest contribution \$1,266.74 Example B - priest contribution \$1,624.03 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$5% 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$81.20 401(k) employer contribution (100 cents on the dollar for the first 3% contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar for the part 20% cents on the dollar				
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Example B - priest contribution \$1,266.74 Example B - priest contributes 5% of pay bi-weekly priest stipend \$1,624.03 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$5% 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$81.20 401(k) employer contribution \$81.20 401(k) employer contribution \$81.20 401(k) employer contribution (100 cents on the dollar for the first 3% contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar				
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Example B - priest contributes 5% of pay bi-weekly priest stipend \$1,624.03 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution % 5% 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$81.20 401(k) employer contribution (100 cents on the dollar for the first 3% contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar \$64.96				
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401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution % 5% 401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$ \$81.20 401(k) employer contribution (100 cents on the dollar for the first 3% contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar \$64.96				
401(k) bi-weekly priest contribution \$ \$81.20 401(k) employer contribution (100 cents on the dollar for the first 3% contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar				
401(k) employer contribution (100 cents on the dollar for the first 3% contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar \$64.96				
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annual 401(k) priest contribution \$2,111.24				
annual 401(k) employer contribution \$1,688.99				
Example C - priest contributes 10% of pay				
bi-weekly priest stipend \$1,624.03				
401(k) priest contribution % 10%				
401(k) priest contribution \$ \$162.40				
401(k) employer contribution (100				
cents on the dollar for the first 3% \$64.96				
contributed, plus 50 cents on the dollar				
for the next 2% contributed, aka 4%)				
annual 401(k) priest contribution \$4,222.48				
annual 401(k) employer contribution \$1,688.99				

ASSIFICATI	IONS OF	GUIDE ON CLASSIFICATIONS OF PRIESTS						FEB	FEBRUARY 2020
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IS THE PRIEST	REST	NAME OF THE		IS SOCIAL		PRIEST'S	ASSIGNMENT	IS AN USCIS	RESPONSIBLE
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FOR THE	뽀	PAYMENT AND	DOES THE PRIEST	MEDICARE	HEALTH & DENTAL	STATUS	FOR CORI/	REQUIRED TO	COMPLETING
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OF BOSTON?	ON?	USE	STATE TAXES?	REQUIRED?	COVERAGE?	VISA?	SCREENING.	COMPLETED?	6-1
Yes	ın	Archdiocesan Priest	Yes	Yes	Clergy Health and	No	Place of	Yes	Parish
					Ketrement 1 rust - 100% Paid by Parish		Assignment		
å		Archdiocesan Priest	Yes	Yes	RCAB Lay Health Plan - 100% naid by	°N	Place of	Yes	Parish
					Parish				
å		Archdiocesan Priest	Yes	Yes	RCAB Lay Health	Yes	Place of	Yes	Parish
					Plan - 100% paid by		Assignment		
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ž	\dagger	Religious Order Priest	°N	°N	Insurance provided	°N	Place of	Yes	Religious Order
					by Religious Order.		Assignment		
		Paid to the Priest's			Parish Reimburses				
		Congregation			Order up to				
					maximum of \$17,640				
å		Religious Order Priest	°N	°N	Insurance provided	Yes	Place of	Yes	Religious Order
					by Religious Order.		Assignment		
		Paid to the Priest's			Parish Reimburses				
		Congregation			Order up to				
					maximum of \$17,640				
å		Religious Order Priest	°N	°N	Insurance provided	Yes	Place of	Yes	Parish
					by Religious Order.		Assignment		
		Paid to the Priest's			Parish Reimburses				
		Congregation			Order up to				
					maximum of \$17,640				
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å		Archdiocesan Priest	Yes	Yes	RCAB Lay Health Plan - 100% naid hr	Yes	Place of	Yes	Parish
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		r and to t mest directly			T THIST				

*Per Remuneration Policy Benefits include: Vacation, Retreat, Auto, Room and Board, Meals, Moving Expenses, Continuing Education and Retirement



Parish, School and Cemetery Budget Preparation Guide

SECTION 4

Women Religious and Religious Brothers Stipend and Benefit Costs

Archdiocese of Boston Stipend and Benefits for Women Religious Fiscal Year 2026

Stipend

The remuneration and benefits below are standard for any sister or brother working in the Pastoral Center, parishes, or other Archdiocesan institution. The stipend consists of an annual amount that is disbursed in twelve monthly payments. The stipend for a sister's services is determined annually and reflects changes in the economy as much as possible. Any stipend changes take effect on July 1st each year. The stipend increases for the fiscal year 2026 is 2.56%.

For sisters working in a Catholic School, in their last year of service they would receive the full twelve payments.

The Ordinary, on the recommendation of the Sisters' Stipend and Benefits Committee, authorizes all stipend and benefit amounts. This committee is appointed by the Ordinary on the recommendation of the Delegate for Consecrated Life. The parish or institution cannot make a decision different from this policy without discussing it with the sister and her major superior. Following this discussion, any changes to the stipend policy by a parish or institution should be reviewed with the Delegate for Consecrated Life.

If a sister's position and performance justify a higher stipend, the parish or institution, in consultation with the Delegate for Consecrated Life, is free to compensate the sister beyond the stipend suggested in this policy.

Medical

The parish or institution employing a sister for full or part-time service shall pay monthly the medical benefit as stated in this policy. The parish or institution will reimburse the sister for co-pays and out-of-pocket medical expenses. The combined medical benefit will not exceed the annual amount of \$21,250. If the parish or institution intends to pay a different amount other than what the policy states (e.g., if the sister is enrolled in the Archdiocesan Lay Health Plan), it should be discussed with the Delegate for Consecrated Life.

The medical benefit is intended to reflect the actual costs for women under the age of sixty-five up to a maximum of \$21,790 in FY 2026. The costs for sisters both under and over the age of sixty-five varies among congregations.

Retirement

The amount suggested in this policy is to be paid toward the retirement of any sister serving the parish or institution on a full-time basis. Sisters serving part-time receive a retirement amount pro-rated according to service time.

Housing

The parish or institution is responsible for providing a housing allowance for each sister who shares in its apostolate. The amount of this allowance is determined on an annual basis and is included in the amount of the base stipend. A rent increase or change in the terms and conditions of a sister's living arrangements on property owned by the parish or the archdiocese should be discussed with the major superior of the religious community.

The Delegate for Consecrated Life is available to initiate conversation with the religious community. Sisters who live in a parish convent pay rent to the parish. The rent beginning July 1, 2025, for fiscal year 2026 will be \$370 monthly.

Transportation

The parish or institution is responsible for providing transportation required for the sister's ministry. Financial arrangements for the use of a car should be made with the major superior of the religious community and the pastor/administrator of the parish, school or Archdiocesan-related institution.

When the parish or institution provides an automobile, the religious community reimburses the parish or institution the cost of personal or congregational business use of the automobile. When a sister uses other means of transportation, i.e., train, bus, Uber, for her ministry, the parish or institution will reimburse the congregation the actual amount she paid for transportation to and from her place of work.

Professional Expenses

The parish or institution is responsible for agreed upon professional expenses involved in the sister's exercise of ministry. Such expenses are determined in dialogue between the pastor/administrator and the sister.

Vacation Time

A minimum of four (4) weeks of vacation (20 business days).

Retreat/Study Time

One week for retreat (5 business days) for sisters working in parishes and diocesan offices. In addition, the sisters have the option of an annual study week (5 business days). Participation in a day or an evening of professional development will be addressed on an individual basis.

Sick Time

When a sister becomes ill for an extended period of time, i.e., ten business days or more within a calendar year, and the parish or institution is notified that her absence will be prolonged, the parish or institution continues to pay her stipend and benefits for a period of ten weeks. This benefit takes effect on the 11th business day of her illness.

Resolution of Differences

Policy: The pastor/administrator has the right to make personnel changes in the parish, school, or other pastoral institution. In light of justice and charity, the sister involved should be the first one informed of any impending changes in her position for purposes of discussion before any action is taken. Further discussion might need to take place with the sister and her major superior.

Procedure: If a Pastor/Administrator believes that a sister should have a change in her position, he should meet with the sister prior to taking any action or, if need be, with her major superior. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss with the sister the reason for the proposed change in her assignment. The Pastor/ Administrator should identify and review circumstances contributing to or leading up to this change. This would include situations deemed in the best interest of the church, and in some cases the best interest of the sister herself.

The intent of this discussion is to strive for mutual understanding and fair resolution. The pastor/administrator is required to document any such conversation(s). A copy of the documentation should be sent to the Delegate for Consecrated Life.

Appeal Process: If the sister does not agree with the change, she may appeal to the Delegate for Consecrated Life who will review the procedural process with the appropriate authorities.

For Parishes, Agencies and Institutions

		Annual	М	onthly
Stipend		\$43,940		\$3,660
Medical		21,790		1,816
Retirement		6,240		520
Total	\$	71,970	\$	5,996
Stipend Breakdo	wn	:		
Base Stipend	\$	39,560		\$3,300
Rent		4,380		370

For further information please contact:

Sister Germana Santos
Delegate for Consecrated Life

Phone: (617) 746-5637

Email: sistergermana_santos@rcab.org

Archdiocese of Boston Stipend and Benefits for Religious Brothers Fiscal Year 2026

Stipend

The remuneration and benefits below are standard for any sister or brother working in the Pastoral Center, parishes, or other Archdiocesan institution. The stipend consists of an annual amount that is disbursed in twelve monthly payments. The stipend for a brother's services is determined annually and reflects changes in the economy as much as possible. Any stipend changes take effect on July 1st each year. The stipend increase for the fiscal year 2026 is 2.56%.

If a brother is teaching in a parochial school, in the last year of service, he receives the full twelve payments.

The Ordinary, on the recommendation of the Stipend and Benefits Committee, authorizes all stipend and benefit amounts. This committee is appointed by the Ordinary on the recommendation of the Delegate for Consecrated Life. The parish or institution cannot make a decision different from this policy without discussing it with the brother and his major superior. Following this discussion, any changes to the stipend policy by a parish or institution should be reviewed with the Delegate for Consecrated Life.

If a brother's position and performance justify a higher stipend, the parish or institution, in consultation with the Delegate for Consecrated Life, is free to compensate the brother beyond the stipend suggested in this policy.

Medical

The parish or institution employing a brother for full or part-time service shall pay monthly the medical benefit as stated in this policy. The parish or institution will reimburse the brother for co-pays and out-of-pocket medical expenses. The combined medical benefit will not exceed the annual amount of \$21,250. If the parish or institution intends to pay a different amount other than what the policy states (e.g., if the brother is enrolled in the Archdiocesan Lay Health Plan), it should be discussed with the Delegate for Consecrated Life.

The medical benefit is intended to reflect the actual costs for men under the age of sixty-five up to a maximum of \$21,790 in FY 2026. The costs for brothers both under and over the age of sixty-five varies among congregations.

Retirement

An amount agreed upon annually will be paid toward the retirement of any brother serving the parish or institution on a full-time basis. Brothers serving part-time receive a retirement amount pro-rated according to service time.

Housing

The parish or institution is responsible for providing a housing allowance for each brother who shares in its apostolate. The amount of this allowance is determined on an annual basis and is included in the amount of the base stipend.

A rent increase or change in the terms and conditions of a brother's living arrangements on property owned by the parish or the archdiocese should be discussed with the major superior of the religious community. The Delegate for Consecrated Life is available to initiate conversation with the religious community.

Brothers who live in a parish convent pay rent to the parish. The rent beginning July 1, 2025, for fiscal year 2026 will be \$370 monthly.

Transportation

The parish or institution is responsible for providing transportation required for the brother's ministry. Financial arrangements for the use of a car should be made with the major superior of the religious community and the pastor/administrator of the parish, school or Archdiocesan-related institution.

When the parish or institution provides an automobile, the religious community reimburses the parish or institution the cost of personal or congregational business use of the automobile. When a brother uses other means of transportation, i.e., train, bus, Uber, for his ministry, the parish or institution will reimburse the congregation the actual amount he paid for transportation to and from his place of work.

Professional Expenses

The parish or institution is responsible for agreed upon professional expenses involved in the brother's exercise of ministry. Such expenses are determined in dialogue between the pastor/administrator and the brother.

Vacation Time

A minimum of four (4) weeks of vacation (20 business days).

Retreat/Study Time

One week for retreat (5 business days) for brothers working in parishes and diocesan offices. In addition, the brothers have the option of an annual study week (5 business days). Participation in a day or an evening of professional development will be addressed on an individual basis.

Sick Time

When a brother becomes ill for an extended period of time, i.e., ten business days or more within a calendar year, and the parish or institution is notified that his absence will be prolonged, the parish or institution continues to pay his stipend and benefits for a period of ten weeks. This benefit takes effect on the 11th business day of his illness.

Resolution of Differences / Change in Position

Policy: The pastor/administrator has the right to make personnel changes in the parish, school, or other pastoral institution. In light of justice and charity, the brother involved should be the first one informed of any impending changes in his position for purposes of discussion before any action is taken. Further discussion might need to take place with the brother and his major superior.

Procedure: If a Pastor/Administrator believes that a brother should have a change in his position, he should meet with the brother prior to taking any action or, if need be, with his major superior. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss with the brother the reason for the proposed change in his assignment. The Pastor/Administrator should identify and review circumstances contributing to or leading up to this change. This would include situations deemed in the best interest of the church, and in some cases the best interest of the brother himself.

The intent of this discussion is to strive for mutual understanding and fair resolution. The pastor/administrator is required to document any such conversation(s). A copy of the documentation should be sent to the Delegate for Consecrated Life.

Appeal Process: If the brother does not agree with the change, he may appeal to the Delegate for Consecrated Life who will review the procedural process with the appropriate authorities.

For Parishes, Agencies and Institutions

		Annual	M	onthly
Stipend		\$43,940		\$3,660
Medical		21,790		1,816
Retirement		6,240		520
Total	\$	71,970	\$	5,996
Stipend Breakdo	wn	:		
Base Stipend	\$	39,560		\$3,300
Rent		4,380		370
Stipend & Rent	\$	43,940	\$	3,670

For further information please contact:

Sister Germana Santos Delegate for Consecrated Life

Phone: (617) 746-5637

Email: sistergermana santos@rcab.org



Parish, School and Cemetery Budget Preparation Guide

SECTION 5

Information Technology Costs

Information Technology

As you develop your annual parish budget, the RCAB Information Technology Department (ITD) encourages you to plan for your Information Technology (IT) needs for the new Fiscal Year. IT plays a vital role in supporting your efforts to effectively manage the business of running a parish, a school, or a collaborative. Though specific technology costs will vary by location, by number of staff, and by needs and projects, a parish or school may expect the average cost of IT services to be between \$9,000 to \$12,000 per year. The IT budget would include the following types of expenditures:

- IT services and support, ideally through an outsourced IT provider (sometimes called a Managed Services Provider or MSP), either via a monthly service plan or on an as needed basis. As the technology landscape becomes more complex and the risks of being hacked increases, an MSP will provide much needed expertise and support. ITD discourages the use of volunteers.
- Computers, which should be replaced every three to four years. Microsoft will stop supporting Windows 10 on October 14, 2025. After this, Windows 10 will receive no patches or updates. If possible, plan to upgrade to Windows 11, or purchase replacement computers. Old computers can be dropped off at the Pastoral Center for recycling.
- Internet access and Firewall. Check with your Internet Service Provider (ISP) you may be eligible for a free replacement of your ISP provided router. Unless well managed, old routers are insecure.
- ITD also recommends looking at both phone and ISP costs annually. Plans offered by providers are frequently updated. If you have been on the same plan for several years, you will most likely find cheaper and faster options.
- Off-site data backup and recovery services.
- Software purchases for all devices (desktops, laptops, and mobile devices), business productivity, etc. Create an account with TechSoup to purchase software at a discount (https://www.techsoup.org). ITD recommends the use of Microsoft Defender (Office 365) or Windows Defender on computers running Windows 11. Properly configured, these solutions eliminate the need to purchase a dedicated Anti-Virus solution. Windows Defender is standard on Windows 10 and Windows 11 computers.
- Online services, such as Flocknote, Constant Contact, etc.
- Website and domain hosting. Host your website with eCatholic. This is the preferred hosting platform for parish websites with the Archdiocese. Contact Karina Salas for more information.
- Email and office productivity. Consider the RCAB Office 365 solution. ITD discourages the use of personal email accounts for ministry or parish business activities. Free personal accounts, such as Gmail or Outlook.com, are not meant for business use. If an account is compromised or credentials are lost these accounts are not recoverable. Contact Karina Salas for more information.

Information Technology

- Training. Due to the ever-increasing volume and negative impacts of cyber incidents, it is strongly recommended that all staff receive training in the safe use of technology; most significantly email and web browsing. All staff should quickly identify email phishing and know how to respond. Ransomware can bring parish or school operations to a complete stop. Reasonably priced online classes can be obtained from Security Mentor.
- Information Technology assessment. Evaluate your current technology resources and develop a multiyear plan of IT improvements and replacement to help ensure security and stability.
- Capital Improvements may include upgrades or replacement of network and wiring, wireless access solutions, phone systems, upgraded audio-visual needs in support of hybrid on-site and virtual meetings, church video streaming technology. IT is not a "set it and forget it" operation. It is important to plan for equipment replacement which may be liable to break as it ages or to be cyber compromised.
- Take advantage of the free Cyber Security program offered to parishes and parish schools as port of Operation Parish Shield. This will protect all your parish computers from all forms of malware. This freely available program has a proven track record and offers a \$250,000 warranty. More information can be found on the Parish Portal website.
- Unplanned events. When IT issues occur, there is a cost to any resolution or recovery. At times, and based on the type of issue, the cost may be large. When planning your IT budget, a portion should also be set aside for unplanned events.

For further information please contact:

Deacon Peter Bujwid Chief Information Officer cio@rcab.org



Parish, School and Cemetery Budget Preparation Guide

SECTION 6

Insurance Costs

INSURANCE

Although the hard commercial property insurance market had begun to stabilize over the last 12-18 months, pricing and underwriting will have new challenges this year as a result of the catastrophic fire losses in California. The July renewal period is still months away, so the circumstances can change at any point due to global events, catastrophic losses, etc. The majority of reinsurance treaty renewals took place on January 1, prior to the catastrophic events in southern California. As a result, it is even more difficult to predict the impact those events will have on the property renewals in July. The total estimated cost of the wildfires to the insurance and reinsurance industry is still being calculated. The markets also continue to pressure clients with large building portfolios, to update and increase replacement cost valuations.

On the liability programs, the reduced level in our major claim and litigation activity over the last two years will aid our negotiations and will keep the renewal premiums changes low. For budgeting purposes, you should plan for increases in the 3-5% range.

Please remember, the impact on parishes with considerable value increases two years ago is being spread over a 2-3 year period, therefore, those locations may see a slightly higher increase in addition to the negotiated rate adjustment. Potential property rate increases noted below do not include the impact of increased replacement cost values, which have the potential to result in additional increases of 3-5%.

We will, again this year, explore a wide range of possible options to mitigate the impact of this market, including possible increased utilization of Fides Insurance Group, Inc. in the property coverage. However, you should be prepared for property increases in the 8-10% range.

As noted above, please remember that the markets can turn dramatically in just a few weeks, including the developing financial impact of the wildfires on reinsurance rates, resulting in much higher increases and more challenging negotiations on terms and conditions. The global catastrophe activity over the next several months can impact the entire commercial insurance market.

The workers compensation renewal rates are still under analysis and will be communicated as soon as they are established. We would anticipate the renewal premiums to increase within a 1-2% range.

We will continue to strive to develop effective education programs and bring them to our parishes in our efforts to continue to bring safety to your staffs and parish communities, as well as financial benefits to your parishes.

Insurance Costs

INSURANCE

We are just beginning the renewal process and negotiations, and we must be cognizant of the fact that should our loss experience deteriorate any further during this time, or if there is additional catastrophe activity around the globe, our negotiations and costs could be adversely affected. Conversely, our mitigation efforts and negotiations may, hopefully, result in an actual increase below those being recommended. With those considerations in mind, the Office of Risk Management is recommending conservative a conservative approach to the planning in your budget preparations.

Estimated insurance cost **adjustments** for FY 2026:

Property insurance premiums: 10%	Crime: 10%
Boiler and machinery: 8%	Auto: 5%
General liability: 5%	Scheduled property program: 5%
Workers' compensation: 2%*	

^{*}This is an average and can be higher or lower based upon payroll classification codes.

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SECTION 7

Capital Acquisitions and Improvements

CAPITAL ACQUISITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

CAPITAL ACQUISITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

Capital Expenditures

All expenditures, subject to the following conditions should be recorded in the 529xxx series in the chart of accounts. In general, any acquisition with a life expectancy greater than three years and a cost of \$3,000 or more should be recorded to 529xxx series. All projects should be assigned a unique identifying code which should be included in the memo for each payment.

Land and Land Improvements

Include all acquisitions of land and any pertinent purchase costs, regardless of the dollar amount in account number 529000. Include expenditures for parking areas, drainage, sewers, cabling, fences, and non-routine land- scaping or shrubbery costs, if the costs are \$3,000 or more in account 529000 –Acquisition/Improvement–Site/Land. If a project costs less than \$3,000, and/or if the project relates to routine maintenance (cutting the grass, snowplowing, etc.) the costs should be recorded to account 520007 - Maintenance Grounds.

Note: if individual capital improvements less than \$3,000 are part of an overall project that costs more than \$3,000, they should be recorded in account number 529000 -Acquisitions and Improvements/Sites.

Buildings and Improvements

Include the purchase of all buildings and their acquisition costs, regardless of the dollar amount, in account number 529003. Include the acquisition of the structural shell and all other integral parts including heating equipment, plumbing, central air conditioning, elevators, etc. In addition to these costs, new construction or renovations should also include architectural and other professional fees, site preparation, legal fees and interest during construction, etc. in account 529003. Improvements that cost less than \$3,000 per event or project should be recorded in building maintenance. Additionally, if improvements do not increase the useful life of the building, provide a betterment, adapt the property to a new use or are routine building maintenance the costs should be coded to 520006 – Maintenance Buildings.

Note: if individual projects/invoices or improvements less than \$3,000 are part of a larger project or action plan that costs more than \$3,000, they should be charged to the appropriate account: 529003 -Acquisitions and Improvements/Buildings.

All building alterations that enhance the estimated useful life of the building, should be recorded in 529003 - Acquisition and Improvements/Buildings. Note: consider entire contracts and project expenditures when evaluating costs as capital expenditures.

Note that roof repairs should be closely reviewed to determine whether they truly add to the estimated useful life as originally estimated. Interior painting costs that are not part of a larger project, acquisition or addition should be coded to 520006 – Maintenance Buildings.

Furniture and Fixtures

Furniture and fixtures include -- furniture, machinery and equipment such as computers, desks, smart boards, etc. These should be recorded in account 529001 - Furniture & Equipment if costs exceed \$3,000 per item. Group purchases of furniture and fixtures that exceed \$3,000, even if individual items do not meet the guide- lines, should also be recorded in account number 529001.

Capital Acquisitions and Improvements

For example, a school may purchase 10 or more computers at a time, a rectory may place air-conditioners in each of six rooms, and a bedroom set may be purchased. A combination of disparate items may also qualify as a capital acquisition as in the purchase of a computer, monitor, printer, desk and the necessary software if the total is equal to \$3,000 or more and if these items are purchased as a group or in a relatively short time frame as part of the same project. When groups of items are purchased, the memo should clearly identify what purchases are part of that group or project.

Automobiles, Trucks, Plows, Tractors, etc.

All vehicle purchases should be recorded in account number 529004 - Acquisitions of Vehicles if the cost is \$3,000 or more and the estimated useful life is three years or more.

Repairs

Repairs should only be recorded to the 529xxx account series if they are considered an improvement to an existing asset that would extend the useful life greater than three years and the cost is \$3,000 or more. Only repairs that materially increase the value of an item should be recorded to the 529xxx account series. Repairs for normal wear and tear should not be recorded to the 529xxx account series. Repairs to physical plant, boilers, central air units, etc. should only be recorded to the 529xxx account series if the repair extends the life of the asset a year or more beyond the original expected life or if the repair involves replacement of a major component. An example of a major component would be the engine in a car, not the battery or a starter.

Capital Campaigns

All fundraising expenses for Capital Campaigns should be coded to 535000 – Fundraising Expense as incurred and never recorded to 529xxx account series. Capital Campaign revenue should never be entered in the 529xxx accounts. Only direct project/building or acquisition costs relating to a Capital Campaign should be recorded to the 529xxx-account series.

For further information please contact parish and school accounting:

Paul Dodd Accounting Manager (617) 746-57148 Paul Dodd@rcab.org