

Grade 8 Session 4 Worksheet

The Sacrament of Confirmation/The Sacraments of Initiation

Baptism: What is the Sacrament of Baptism?

Baptism is the first Sacrament of the _____.

Baptism fully initiates us into God the _____.

Read the baptismal promise. Then, take time to answer the following questions:

- Why is it important to renew our baptismal promises before receiving the Sacrament of Confirmation?

Eucharist: What is the Sacrament of the Eucharist?

In the Eucharist we are initiated into full communion with God through the _____ and _____ of Jesus. It is the second _____ of Initiation.

Eucharist fully initiates us into God the _____.

Confirmation: What is the Sacrament of Confirmation?

It is the third Sacrament of Initiation. Confirmation fully initiates us into the third person of the Holy Trinity, God the _____.

The Sacrament of Confirmation perfects the baptismal grace and _____ our bonds with the church. Confirmation can only be received _____ because it imprints an indelible (impossible to remove) spiritual mark. It is placed on our soul by the Holy Spirit through Baptism and Confirmation that claims a person for _____.

No amount of _____ or rejection can erase this mark, though a person can choose to ignore or deny it. Confirmation is not _____ from the Church; it is the beginning! We receive a _____ outpouring of God's Grace than we received at Baptism.

Jesus sent the Holy Spirit to his disciples on the day he _____ into Heaven. This day is called _____.

The apostles were empowered by the Holy Spirit to spread the Gospel, or _____. We are called to do the same today!

There are four parts to the Sacrament of Confirmation:

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. Profession of Faith | 3. Anointing with Chrism |
| 2. Imposition of Hands | 4. Sign of Peace |

Why Confirmation? Confirmation increases in us more fully the Gifts of the Holy Spirit (Wisdom, Knowledge, Understanding, Counsel, Fortitude, Piety, and Fear of the Lord) given to us at Baptism.